

# Turning industrial waste gases into valuable polyurethanes

European research collaboration between steel and chemical industry

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# Challenge: Saving our fossil resources

Carbon4PUR

Use of carbon in the most productive way



- Chemical industry depends on the element carbon
- Current carbon source:
   fossil raw materials, such as oil
- 4% 6% of global output is used for plastics production
- Oil reserves are finite

# Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emmissions

# Use CO/CO<sub>2</sub> instead of oil





- CO<sub>2</sub> gaining importance as alternative carbon source
- CO<sub>2</sub> supply is virtually unlimited, global availability
- Using CO<sub>2</sub> is technically very demanding, however
- Use of CO<sub>2</sub> for the production of polyols –
   key precursor for numerous plastics and coatings

## Carbon4PUR



Turning industrial waste gases (mixed CO/CO<sub>2</sub> streams) into intermediates for polyurethane plastics for rigid foams / building insulation and coatings



Responding to call: H2020-SPIRE-8-2017

Contributing to

- Circular economy
- Industrial symbiosis
- Carbon productivity
- Renewable materials

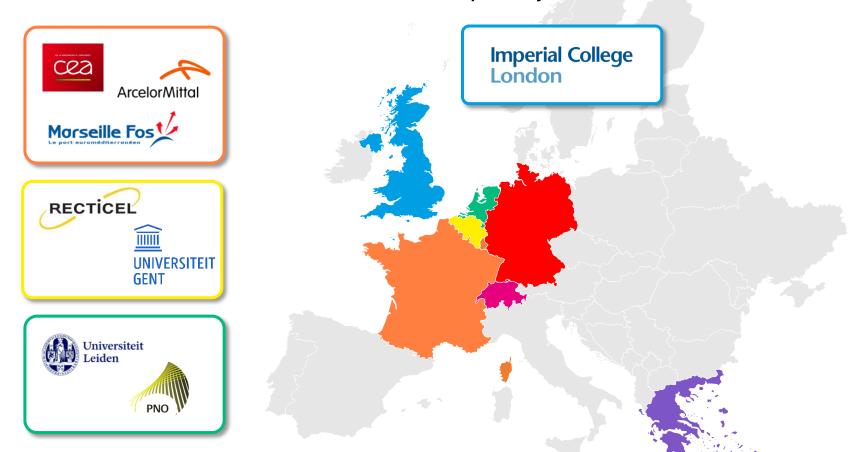
EC contribution: 7.75 mln. €

Duration: Oct. 2017 – Sept. 2020

## Consortium



## 14 Partners from 7 countries – interdisciplinary and across sector









## Leading experts teaming up for an excellent consortium



## Mission





Generate value from the entire carbon from CO/CO<sub>2</sub>-containing waste streams

Making carbon productive and the resulting PUR products more sustainable

## **Ambition**



CO/CO<sub>2</sub>

#### **BUILDING BLOCKS / INTERMEDIATES**

#### **PRODUCTS & APPLICATION**



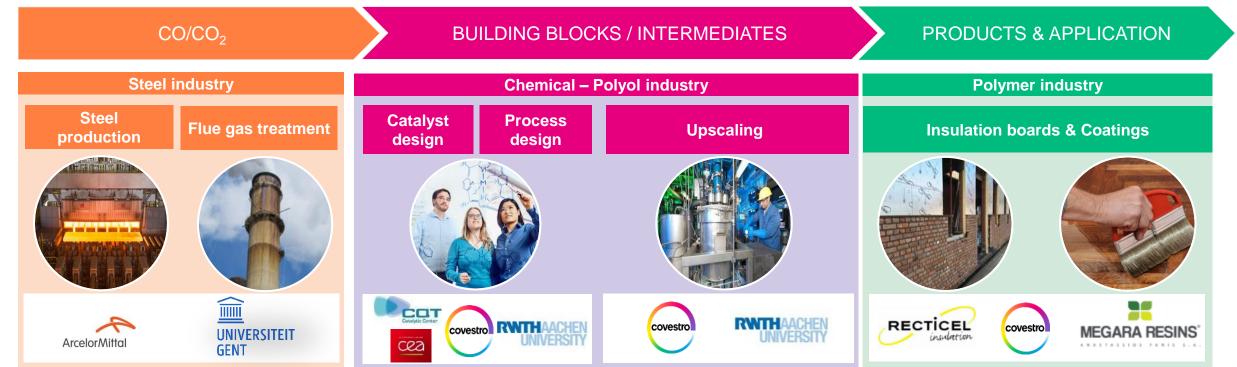
- **Demonstration** taking into account all variables at the same time:
  - Steel plant flue gases characteristics
  - Material and process parameters
  - End product market requirements
- Small **piloting** of the new process (20t/y)
- Adaptable to products for existing large-scale markets



Full value chain

# Methodology















# Expectations and added value



Thermal insulation solutions for building renovations and new construction make a significant contribution to a low-carbon society

We estimate that in 2017, the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions avoided by our insulation solutions total over 30 times our carbon impact throughout the value chain

#### Carbon4PUR:

- Evaluation of CO/CO<sub>2</sub>-based polyols on lab- and semi-industrial scale into innovative high-performance,
   durable, thermal insulation boards made from rigid closed cell PUR for the construction sector
- CO/CO<sub>2</sub>-based polyols that are able to substitute conventional polyols resulting in rigid foams with the same or even superior quality (e.g. fire behaviour) compared to advanced standards
- With CO/CO<sub>2</sub>-based polyols, carbon footprint can be reduced compared to today's polyurethane products manufactured from crude oil due to the re-utilisation of anthropogenic CO and CO<sub>2</sub>
- Consequently also a lower carbon footprint compared to the current PU insulation panels is expected
- It is estimated that by 2029 about 25% of our total rigid foam polyol consumption will be subsituted



# Industrial symbiosis







Image-Source:http://www.marseille-port.fr

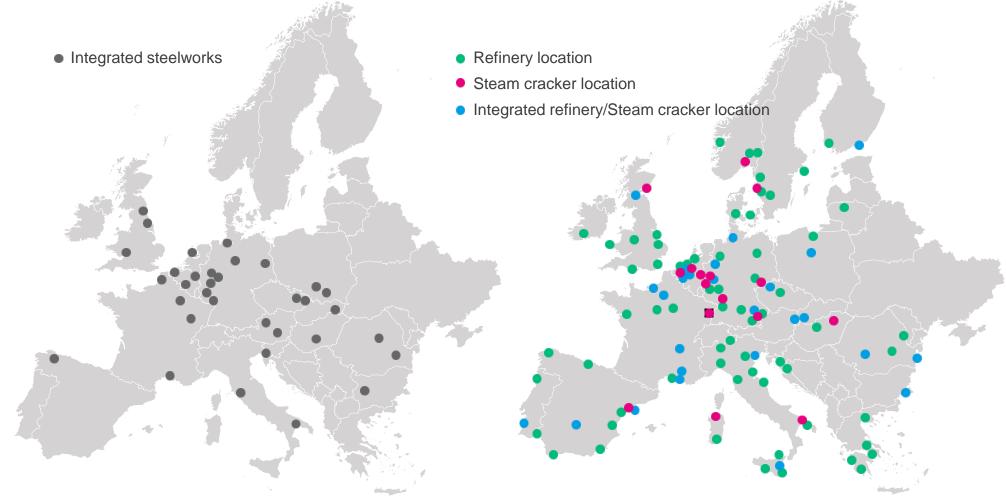




# Replication potential



## Geographical distribution of integrated steelworks and refineries in Europe



# Thank you!





## How to get involved...

Website www.carbon4pur.eu

Follow @carbon4pur on twitter

Subscribe to the Newsletter Stakeholder analysis

Stakeholder-Event: 20th March 2019 in Marseille, France

#### **Disclaimer**

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